## Notesheet. Section 7.1: Integration by parts part II Math 1220

Remark 1. When picking u and dv in integration by parts, we want to choose so that

- (a) du is simpler than u.
- (b) dv is easy to integrate.

Challenge 2. Use integration by parts to solve the following integrals

(a) 
$$\int \ln x \, dx$$

(b) 
$$\int x \ln x \, dx$$

(c) 
$$\int x(x+4)^{-2} dx$$

(d)  $\int e^x \sin x \, dx$ . (Hint: use integration by parts twice!)

**Challenge 3.** Find the average value of  $f(x) = x^2 \ln x$  on the interval [1,3].

**Challenge 4.** Evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{3} x f''(x) dx$$
 if  $f(1) = 1, f'(1) = 0, f(3) = 2, f'(3) = 1.$ 

**Challenge 5.** Sometimes integrals get really tricky, requiring you to use both u-substition and integration by parts! Solve the following integrals.

(a) 
$$\int_{\sqrt{\pi/2}}^{\sqrt{\pi}} \theta^3 \cos(\theta^2) d\theta$$

(b) 
$$\int \cos \sqrt{x} \, dx$$

(c) 
$$\int \sin(\ln(x)) dx$$