## Notesheet. Section 2.4 Part II

## Math 1210

**Challenge 1.** Consider the function  $f(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ . What is f(10)? What is f(100)? f(10000)? Is there a positive number N such that  $f(N) \leq 1$ ?

**Definition 2.** We define the limit of f(x) at infinity to be

**Challenge 3.** What is  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \left(1+\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$ ? What is  $\lim_{x\to\infty} x$ ? What is  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{x+1}{4x}$ ? Harder question, can you figure out  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{x^2+1}{5x^2+3x-1}$ ? (Note that "does not exist (DNE)" is a valid answer.)

**Challenge 4.** Let  $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = L$  and  $\lim_{x\to a} g(x) = M \neq 0$  for some a (including  $\infty, -\infty$ ). Let c be some number. Keeping the examples above in mind, what are the following limits equal to in terms of L, M, and c?  $\lim_{x\to a} (c \cdot f(x)), \lim_{x\to a} (f(x) + g(x)), \lim_{x\to a} (f(x) \cdot g(x)), \text{ and } \lim_{x\to a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ . Given a number b > 0, what is  $\lim_{x\to a} (f(x))^b$  assuming  $L^b$  is defined?

**Challenge 5.** The average cost per book in dollars incurred by TJ Publishing in printing x books is given by the average cost function

$$\overline{C}(x) = 4.5 + \frac{3000}{x}$$

Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to\infty} \overline{C}(x)$  and interpret the meaning of this limit.

**Definition 6.** What is  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x}{x}$ ? What is  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x}{x^2}$ ? An <u>indeterminate form</u> is

Challenge 7. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x}{1-x}$ ,  $\lim_{x \to 5} \frac{x^2 - 4x - 5}{x-5}$ , and  $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(h+1)^2 - 1}{h}$ .